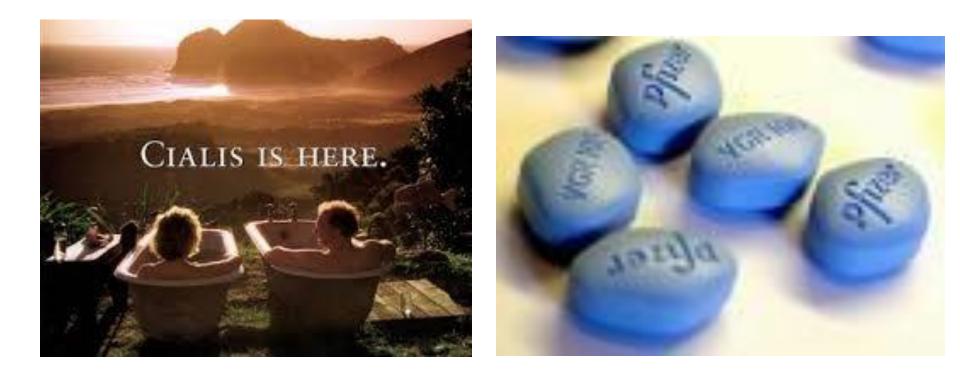
How cultural and structural context influence ED drug use and research in Mexico

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What are the local consequences of the global medicalization of sexuality?



Mexican Context

- Longstanding debates about masculinity
- *Machismo* stereotype that men patriarchal, sex obsessed, emotionally closed
 - Rooted in colonialism
- Recent shift from separate spheres to companionate ideal
 - Continued but changing emphasis on virility

Long history of male potency treatments selling ideal masculinity





Las tortugas están en extinción. Su comercio y consumo son delitos graves. No comas huevos de tortuga. Denuncia su venta al: 01800-7703372 (PROFEPA)

ortugamerina.com

ED treatments big local sellers

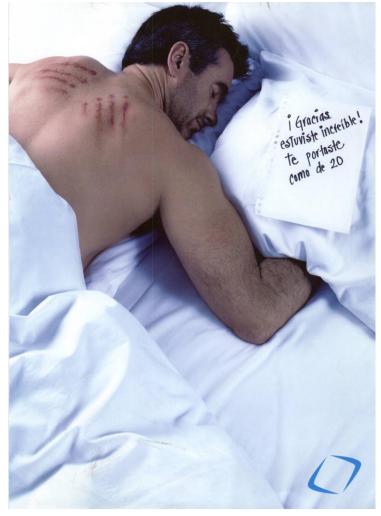






Including barely modified ED drug marketing





Yet, my research shows that many men/couples reject this medicalization

The Study

- -2007-8 Research at the Cuernavaca IMSS urology Department
- -254 interviews
 - Male IMSS urology patients:
 - Older
 - Working class
 - Sometimes with wives

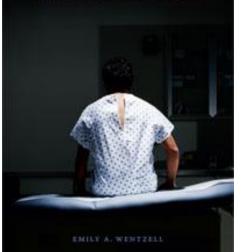
-Being an American woman facilitated research





Maturing Masculinities

AGING, CHRONIC ILLNESS, AND VIAGRA IN MEXICO



Most rejected ED drugs

- Non-medical understanding of erectile change
- 70% of participants reported decreased erectile function
 - 11% sought medical ED treatment
 - Few used it regularly



• Equated frequent sex with youth

• "It's not like before"

• It's "part of being retired. I can't work anymore!"

Shift from macho to mature

• Erection change a bodily reprieve from macho urges

• Focus on home rather than sex appropriate for respectable older man

Examples

• "I will dedicate myself to my wife, the house, gardening, caring for the grandchildren – <u>the Mexican classic</u>."

Examples

• "I was a womanizer. [EW: Are you still?] The truth is, now I don't have the same capacity. I'm 55, I know what I am. I don't want problems with my wife. Like I deserve respect from her, she deserves it from me as well."

Wives actively supported this shift

• Many wives seeking decreased sex, increased emotional connection

• Wanted womanizing to end

By naturalizing decreased function

• Man thought his wife "doesn't like" decreased sex...

• She corrected him: "It wasn't the same, but it's not serious, it happens with age and health problems."

By saying "no more!"

• Husband sad that "the machinery of erection has broken down..."

• Wife interjected, "Now we don't want any more!"

ED drugs viewed as dangerous

• Because so socially inappropriate

• Fears that they inappropriately "accelerate" older bodies

Example

• ED drugs, "accelerate you, to your death. Many friends have told me, they will accelerate you a lot, then you'll collapse, that stuff will kill you."

<u>This view supported by public health</u> <u>system</u>

- Doctors share cultural idea that decreasing erections can be positive
- But \$ influences whether they define change as ED
 DO prescribe ED drugs in private practice
- IMSS resource lack discourages ED diagnosis
 - No free ED drugs
 - Rushed appointments
 - Little time or trust for discussing sexual health

Overall, ED marketing not selling what study participants want

• Older, working class Mexicans wanted something different than ads selling

- Facilitated by decreasing function, not drugs

• This likely to change with younger generation

<u>What does this mean for anti-</u> medicalization activism?

- De-naturalizes acceptance of sexuopharmaceuticals
- Challenges argument that more drug access = improved well-being
- Undermines claim that "men have drug, so women need one too"
- Shows how local cultural & structural diversity matters for sexual ideology and drug use